12.2: Major Battles of WWI

Learning T	arget <u>& Success Criteria:</u>				
I can outline and the major battles and events of					
World War I and explain how these events pushed the into					
joining the war by scoring an 80% or higher on my mastery check.					
Rattles of	the Western Front				
	ne				
	ptember 1914, costly victory				
	tish and French troops launched a counteroffensive along the				
	arne to stop the advancing German forces				
	Plan, set the stage for a long and				
	oody stalemate on the Western Front				
Battle of V	erdun				
	bruary – December,				
	of Verdun				
• Fre	ench soldiers managed to hold their ground but both sides				
too	ok heavy losses, over casualties, became				
symbol of the horrors and futility of the war					
	• = dead, severely wounded, or				
	missing/captured				
Battle of th	ne				
• Jul	y – November, 1916				
• Bri	British and French troops attempted to relieve the pressure at				
	with an attack along a 15 mile line in northern				
Fra	ance				
• Ba	ttle continued for months with an				
ou	tcome, over one casualties in total, one of				
the	e deadliest battles of the war				

Battle

86

Battles	of the Eastern Front			
Battle o	of Tannenberg			
•	August 1914, victory			
•	German soldiers encircled and defeated the			
	Army			
•	Russia suffered heavy casualties and lost thousands of soldiers			
	as			
•	Led to the Russian Revolution in which caused Russia			
	to the war			
Analyzing Charts				
-	Which country had the highest percentage of casualties?			
1.	willen country had the highest percentage of casuatties:			
2.	Which country had the second highest?			
2	What was the grand total of deaths in MANIS			
٥.	What was the grand total of deaths in WWI?			
4.	How would this chart explain why Russia left WWI?			
Does America Join the War?				
•	America is in the early 1900s			
	 Isolationist = stays out of affairs 			
	President promised to keep America out of			
	the war in Europe			
•	Two events change America's stance and lead to joining the war:			
	 Sinking of the 			

_Telegram

party? Why?

of the Lusit	ania	
May 7,	, a British ship carr	ying
	and mil	litary goods was torpedoed
twice by a G	erman U-boat and sank	in fifteen minutes off the
coast of		
This ship ca	ried 128	along with 900
others, all d	ed in the sinking, which	fueled American anger ove
Эermany's "	unrestricted	warfare"
Nilson aske	d Germany to stop targe	eting peaceful ships and
apologize in	hopes to stay	in the war
rman Telegr	am	
January	, a coded messag	e from Germany to
	was intercepted an	d deciphered by British
ntelligence		
Γhe telegran	n proposed a military	between
Germany an	d Mexico with the prom	ise of returning lost
	to Mexico	from the United States if
1exico decl	ared war on the	
his messag	ge further enraged Ameri	icans and fueled anti-
German sen	timent in the US, leadin	g to a declaration of war on
	in April 1917	
a Enters WV	VI	
Selective Se	rvice Act was passed in	1917 to require all
	·	-30 to sign up for potential
	_	system was used to select
=	to join the war	•
	ricans were required to	sign up for the
		units –
		notate if the person was
African Ame		

	 2.8 million " forces and provided enthusiasm reinforcements for the Allied forces US forces helped to lead the final Allied offensives in the summer of and would establish the US as a global superpower 	"were drafted into the armed and """ """ """ """ """ """ ""
Ov	rer The Top: A World War One Advent	ture Game
1.	What is "stand-in"? Describe what t	his drill would be like.
2.	What were some reasons you volunt	eered to join the war?
3.	Describe what is it like living in the tr	enches?
4.	What are some of the jobs you do in	the trenches?
5.	What happened to your friend in the	war?
6.	What is a parapet (click on the word this help the soldiers?	to read its definition)? How did
7.	Why are you and the other soldiers h	appy when stand-down is over'
8.	What is for breakfast?	

9. Do you volunteer to fetch the communication wire or join the work