

4.2: Greek Mythology & Philosophers

Learning Target & Success Criteria:

I can identify and describe the _____ contributions and the _____ on Western Culture that Greek _____ and philosophers had by scoring an 80% or higher on my Mastery Check.

Ancient Greece After the Persian War

- After the _____ War between Athens and other city-states and Persia, Ancient Greece enters the “_____ Age” and the beginning of Western Culture
- _____, the ruler of Athens from 461-429 BCE, extends _____ to most adult males and changes the way government works from then forward
- Lasting impacts on _____, sculpture, poetry, _____, science, and philosophy



Architecture & Sculptures

- The _____, built in 440 BCE and dedicated to the goddess _____, one of the lasting structures of Ancient Greece
- Utilized as a temple and treasury
- Sculptures such as Athena inside the Parthenon and _____ in Olympia were created by Phidias, a famous sculptor of Ancient Greece
- The Greek _____ are still used in architecture around the world today

Poetry, Science, & Mathematics

- Homer, a famous poet of the time, wrote The Iliad and The Odyssey, stories of the _____ War
- History and dramas were also written by Herodotus and Sophocles
- Scientific and mathematic discoveries have impacted modern culture such as:
 - Archimedes (mathematician & inventor) created many items and the term “_____” meaning “I found it”
 - _____ (doctor) is where the Hippocratic Oath that doctors take to protect life and not cause harm to others
 - Euclid (mathematician) known as the “Father of _____”
 - Pythagoras (mathematician) creates the _____ Theorem [$a^2+b^2=c^2$] which helps us calculate the lengths of right _____

Greek Philosophers

- Pericles – supporter of _____ in Ancient Greece and led the project to build the Parthenon
- Socrates – father of “_____ Method” of learning through questioning and answering, falsely accused and convicted of _____ the youth
- Plato – student of Socrates, argued for a philosopher as king
- Aristotle – Plato’s best student and a well-paid tutor to _____ the Great who would later rule Macedonia



Philosophy & Sophists

- Philosophy = study of life, _____, problems, reality, & _____
- Philosophers = lovers of _____
- Sophists = _____ of wisdom
- Sophists were professional _____ that traveled around Greece and charged fees for their teaching

