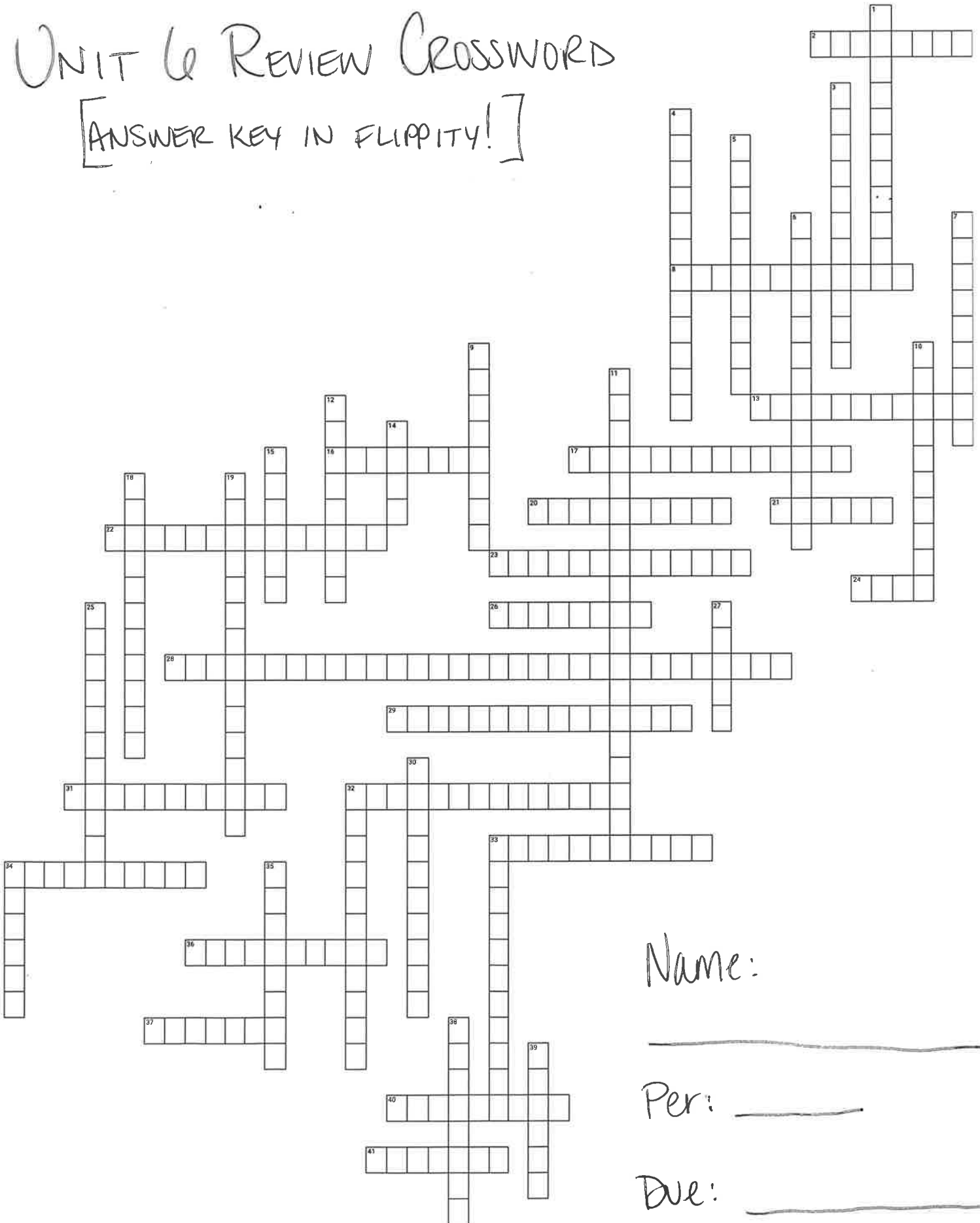


UNIT 6 REVIEW CROSSWORD

[ANSWER KEY IN FLIPPITY!]



Name: _____

Per: _____

Due: _____

Across

2. Luther's grievances nailed to the church door of Wittenberg, Germany
8. A system of trading loyalties for protection in the Middle Ages
13. The effort by Christian leaders to drive the Muslims out of Spain, lasting from the 1100s until 1492
16. From Latin for "middle", the Middle Ages or Dark Ages last from 500 to 1500 CE and are a transition period between ancient and modern times
17. Declared the king (Henry VIII) the supreme head of the Church of England in 1534
20. A person who works for another in order to learn a trade
21. Powerful banking family who ruled Florence in the 1400s, patrons of the arts
22. Calvin's religious theory that God has already planned out a person's life
23. Invented by Gutenberg that increased literacy by making it easier to manufacture books
24. Russian word for Emperor (from the word Caesar)
26. A long series of wars between Christians and Muslims in Southwest Asia over attempts to control the Holy Lands
28. Form of Protestantism in England established by Henry VIII
29. A long conflict between England and France over who was the rightful ruler of France
31. Wrote a book in 1513 about how a ruler should hold onto power
32. An individual with great knowledge, well rounded, artistic, and good at many things
33. Pardons issued by the pope that people could buy to reduce a soul's time in purgatory
34. A member of a Christian church founded on the principles of the Reformation
36. Everyday language of ordinary people
37. Invaders of Europe that came from Scandinavia
40. A body of religious teachings based on the ideas of the reformer John Calvin
41. Concerned with worldly rather than spiritual matters (non-religious)

Down

1. King of Franks; ruled for over 40 years; encouraged education; unified all the Christian lands of Europe into a single empire and was crowned Holy Roman Emperor
3. an economic system of exchanging land use and protection for goods and services throughout feudalism in the Middle Ages
4. Charles V declared Martin Luther an outlaw and heretic within the empire and his works were to be burned and Luther himself captured and delivered to the emperor
5. A deadly plague that swept through Europe between 1347 and 1351
6. Beautiful chapel whose ceiling was painted by Michelangelo
7. A legal system based on custom and court rulings in England
9. The region of present-day Israel; includes the city of Jerusalem, which is a holy city to Christianity, Islam, and Judaism and the land fought over during the Crusades
10. Renaissance painting of the meal Jesus ate with his disciples on the night before he died
11. When the Renaissance shifted and moved to France, Germany, and England inspiring more artists and writers such as Shakespeare
12. An intellectual movement that focused on human potential and achievements
14. Land granted by a lord to a vassal in exchange for loyalty and service
15. A Germanic tribe that conquered present-day France and neighboring lands in the 400s
18. An artistic technique that creates the appearance of three dimensions on a flat surface by drawing the eye to center of the art
19. The first full-sized book printed with movable type and a printing press
25. "rebirth"; following the Middle Ages, a movement that centered on the revival of interest in the classical learning of Greece and Rome
27. A peasant who lived on and farmed a lord's land in feudal times
30. A written legal agreement signed in 1215 that limited the English monarch's power
32. A religious movement of the 16th century that began as an attempt to reform the Roman Catholic Church and resulted in the creation of Protestant churches
33. A series of investigations designed to find and judge heretics in Spain
34. Financial supporter of the arts
35. Famous Renaissance painting by Leonardo Da Vinci of a European woman
38. Code of conduct for knights during the Middle Ages
39. A lord who was granted land in exchange for service and loyalty to a greater lord